It is imperative that the Director of the Central
Intelligence Agency have the complete authority to administer all
retirement programs for Agency employees. This is so because
under existing statute the Director must protect the names,
identities, and numbers of Agency employees. Without internal
administration (including authority to disburse funds from the
Treasury and Thrift Fund) being undertaken by the Agency, the
Director will be unable to ensure that names and numbers of
Agency employees are properly controlled.

In the past, names in manual records at OPM had been sufficiently unsophisticated so as not to present a major CIA concern. The current state-of-the-art and the expectations for enhancements of existing automation systems caused the Agency to review what data on employees is contained externally at OPM. This review has concluded that the only way the Agency can ensure that the Director satisfies his statutory authority is to maintain all records on all Agency employees inside Agency premises. Without providing the Director of Central Intelligence with the statutory authorities to totally administer the retirement programs for all Agency employees, there is no way that Agency identities can be properly protected from becoming accessible by non-Agency employees.

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NO. 5A

CHANGE: Page 5, strike lines 19 and 20 and substitute the following language in Section 302(a).

for purposes of determining such officer's or employee's retirement benefits and obligations as if such officer or employee were a law enforcement officer as defined in Section 8401(17) of Title 5, United States Code.

REASON: This change is intended to clarify that CIA employees designated by the Director under this section are a separate special category, but who are to receive benefits in the same manner as law enforcement officers.

NO. 7A

CHANGE: Page 7, line 6 to add the following after Code:

States Code and who has a former spouse as defined in Section 204(b) (4) of this Act.

REASON: The language in section 304(a) appears to exclude all CIA employees from the former spouse provisions of chapter This change is intended to clarify that only CIA employees, with former spouses who meet the criteria set forth in the CIARDS Act, i.e., have served five years overseas and have been married ten years to the employee, are covered by this section.

CHANGE: page 13, immediately after line _____ and before line _____, add the following new section to title III NO. 14AA of the CIA Retirement Act as enacted by Section 404 of of

"SEC. 309. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 8331 of Title 5, United States Code, participants in the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability System shall be deemed to be employees for purposes of Section 8350 of such

REASON: This change provides for CIARDS participants to participate in the Thrift savings plan in the same manner as employees covered by chapter 83.

NO. 14AAA

__and before add the following new section to title III CHANGE: Page 13, immediately after line____ of the CIA Retirement Act as enacted by Section 404 of

"SEC. 310. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of chapter 83 or chapter 84 of Title 5, United States Code, the Director shall not be required to provide information protected pursuant to Section 102(d)(3) of the National Security Act of 1947, as amended, or Section 6 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949, as amended, or any Executive Order, to any party who is not authorized under the provisions of such Act or Order to receive

"(b) The Director may authorize the provision of such such information." information to a party subject to such conditions and requirements as the Director may prescribe."

REASON: This language is intended to clarify that nothing in the new law with respect to review and examination of records directed by the Executive Director of the Thrift Plan or the Director of OPM will supercede the DCI's authority to protect sensitive information.

NO. 14AAA

CHANGE: Page 13, immediately after line and before line and the following new section to title III of the CIA Retirement Act as enacted by Section 404 of

"SEC. 310. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of chapter 83 or chapter 84 of Title 5, United States Code, the Director shall not be required to provide information protected pursuant to Section 102(d)(3) of the National Security Act of 1947, as amended, or Section 6 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949, as amended, or any Executive Order, to any party who is not authorized under the provisions of such Act or Order to receive

"(b) The Director may authorize the provision of such such information." information to a party subject to such conditions and requirements as the Director may prescribe."

REASON: This language is intended to clarify that nothing in the new law with respect to review and examination of records directed by the Executive Director of the Thrift Plan or the Director of OPM will supercede the DCI's authority to protect sensitive information.

S.L.C.

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such system on or before December 31, 1983, and who have not

- had a break in service in excess of 1 year since that date,
- are not subject to chapter 84 of title 5, United States Code,
- without regard to whether they are subject to title II of the
- Social Security Act.
- . . (c) The application of the provisions of chapter 84 of
- title 5, United States Code, to officers and employees
- referred to in subsection (a) shall be subject to the
- exceptions and special rules provided in this title. Any
- provision of such chapter which is inconsistent with a 9
- special rule provided in this title shall not apply to such 19 11
- 12
- CRITERIA cfficers and employees. SPECIAL RULES RELATING TO SECTION 203 EMPLOYEES
- ... Sec. 382. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this 13
- section, in the application of chapter 84 of title 5, United 14
- States Code, to an officer or employee of the Agency who is. 15
- subject to such chapter and is designated by the Director ... 15
- under section 203, such officer or employee shall be treated 17
- 13
- in the same manner es a law enforcement of incer under such 19
- 23
- (b) The provisions of sections 233 and 235 of this Act that tar. 21
- shall apply to officers and employees referred to in
- subsection (a), except that the retirement benefits shall be 22
- determined under the provisions of chapter 84 of title 5, 2 -
- united States Code. 25

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for purposes of determining such affects of employee's retriedent benefits and obligations as officer or employee or

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May 15, 1986

This is the correction we discussed on the phone that Mike O'Neil called Pierce: you about.

Change: In Section 303 of the CIA Retirement Act as contained in Section 406 of the Federal Employees Retirement System Act of 1986, add the following subsection:

"(c)(l) The Director of Central Intelligence shall issue regulations providing for officers and employees of the Agency subject to subchapter III of chapter 83 of title 5, United States Code, to receive the special acrirual rate benefit provided by subsections (a) and (b) of this section (if it exceeds the otherwise applicable rate) in the same manner and with the same effect as

"(2) The Director of Central Intelligence shall submit the regulations issued under paragraph (1) to the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives before the regulations

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PROPOSED CONFERENCE AGREEMENT - SUPPLEMENTAL RETIREMENT LEGISLATION

1. BASIC ANNUITY PLAN

		Proposed conference agreement - May 14, 1986	
A. E	ligibility	Federal civilian employees covered by Social Security (generally, those employees hired after December 31, 1983).	
C	Imployee contributions required	1.3% of pay in 1987, 0.94% in 1988-89, and 0.8% after 1989.	
C. V	Vesting of retire- ment benefits	5 years civilian service, provided employee's contributions are not refunded.	
D. S	Salary base	Average of high-3 years salary.	
E. F	Retirement benefit	1% of high-3 pay times years of service, or 1.1% if retiring after age 62 & 20 years svc.	

- F. Eligibility for retirement
 - 1. Unreduced

Age 62 & 5 years service, age 60 & 20 years service, or "Minimum Retirement Age" & 30 years service--

Year of birth	Minimum Retirement Age
Before 1948	55
1948	55 & 2 months
1949	55 & 4 months
1950	55 & 6 months
1951	55 & 8 months
1952	55 &10 months
1953 - 1964	56
1965	56 & 2 months
1966	55 & 4 months
1967	55 & 6 months
1968	55 & 8 months
1969	56 &10 months
1970 & after	57

2. Reduced

Minimum Retirement Age & 10 years service.

3. Involuntary

Age 50 & 20 years service, or any age & 25 years service.

4. Deferred vested

Unreduced benefit at age 62, if employee had 5 years civilian service at termination and did not get refund of contributions. Reduced benefit available at Minimum Retirement Age to vested employee with 10 years service.

1. BASIC ANNUITY PLAN (continued)

====================================	Proposed conference agreement - May 14, 1986
G. Amount of annuity 1. Unreduced	Based on accrual rate, without reduction.
2. Reduced	Reduced 5% for each year under age 62.
3. Involuntary	Based on accrual rate without reduction. Supplement paid from Minimum Ret. Age to age 62.
4. Deferred vested	Full accrued benefit payable at age 62. Reduced benefit can be elected at Minimum Retirement Age by former employee with 10 years of service.
H. Supplement payable to age 62	Employee retiring after Minimum Retirement Age with 30 years service, or age 60 with 20 years service, gets Supplement to age 62, equal to estimated Social Security benefit earned in federal service.
	Supplement is subject to earnings test, similar to the test used by Social Security at age 62, reducing Supplement if retiree has earned income in excess of an annual exempt amount (\$5,760 in 1986, wage-indexed).
I. Refunds	Option to withdraw contributions at separation with benefits forfeited.
J. Cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs)	
1. Annual COLA	Increase in CPI Annual COLA percentage
percentage, based on	Up to 2%
increase in Consumer Price Index (CPI)	2% to 3%2% 3% or more
2. Eligibility for COLA	Regular retirees over age 62, or disabled and survivors at any age.
K. Optional forms of benefits	l. Joint-&-survivor annuity, automatic if married unless jointly rejected. Employee's annuity is reduced 10% to provide spouse with 50% survivor benefit.
	2. Alternative options that are actuarially equivalent and offered by Office of Personnel Management.



Proposed conference agreement - May 14, 1986 Every 6 months employees have an open season A. Eligibility to join the plan or reallocate investments. Newly hired employees may join at the second open season (6 to 12 months after hire). Employer automatically contributes 1 percent B. Contributions of pay into each employee's account. by employer and employees Employees may contribute up to 10% of pay, with employer matching as follows--First 3% of pay.....\$1.00 per \$1.00 Next 2% of pay.....\$.50 per \$1.00. So employer contributes at most 5% of pay for any employee. Employees covered by CSRS also may contribute up to 5% of pay, with no employer matching, to invest in Fund A (government securities). Full and immediate vesting of all except the C. Vesting 1%-of-pay automatic government contribution. This automatic contribution becomes vested at 3 years of service for career civil servants, 2 years of service for non-career SES and political (Schedule C) appointees, Members and Congressional staff.

D. Investments

1. Employee may elect to invest own account in: Fund A--Special government securities.

Fund B--Fixed-income securities, using insurance company Guaranteed Investment Contracts (GICs), bank certificates of deposit or other private-sector securities.

Fund C--Equities, using a stock index fund (invested in proportion to a diversified common stock portfolio such as the Wilshire 5000 Equity index).

2. Management of investment funds

The investment funds are managed by a Board of 5 members appointed by the President, taking into account one recommendation from the Senate and one from the House. Executive Director is responisible for investment operations, employee recordkeeping, etc. Voting rights in connection with common stock owned by the Plan are not exercised.

2. THRIFT-SAVINGS PLAN (continued)

Proposed conference agreement - May 14, 1986

Percentage required to be

D. Investments (continued)

3. Phase-in of private-sector investment option in early years of the thrift plan:

Contributions	in government securities	
in calendar year	Employee	Employer
1987	100%	100%
1988	80	100
1989	60	100
1990	40	100
1991	20	100
(After 1991 employee co	no funds der entributions ar government sec	e required to

1992	0	100
1993	0	80
1994	0	60
1995	0	40
1996	0	20
(After	1996, no funds	are required to
be held	in government	securities.)

E. Payout of employee retirement accounts

Employee may elect payout of account balance:

- 1. As annuity for life or for a fixed term.
- 2. In cash (at retirement age, death or disability).
- 3. As rollover to IRA (at termination of employment).

Active employees may not withdraw funds.

Program of loans to employees is to be established by January 1, 1988.



3. SURVIVOR BENEFITS

Proposed conference agreement - May 14, 1986

- A. Pre-retirement death benefit to spouse or former spouse
- At death of married employee with 18 months of civilian service, surviving spouse gets--
- 1. Lump sum of \$15,000 (indexed to CPI) and one-half employee's annual rate of pay or high-3 average if higher. Spouse may elect payment as an annuity.
- 2. Annuity equal to 50% of accrued annuity, if employee had 10 years of service.

These benefits are paid in addition to any Social Security, group life insurance or thrift plan death benefits.

B. Children's benefits, payable at death before or after retirement Annually adjusted amounts, offset by Social Security children's benefits, varying by number of children & whether or not orphaned. In 1986 amount is about \$2,800 per child, up to 3 children, or \$3,400 if orphaned. Payable to unmarried child up to age 18, age 22 if in school, or any age if disability started before age 18.

C. Optional postretirement death benefit to spouse or former spouse Employee's annuity is reduced 10% to provide annuity to surviving spouse.

Automatic if married unless jointly rejected by both spouses.

Surviving spouse gets (1) 50% of employee's unreduced annuity, and (2) supplement payable to age 60 if ineligible for Social Security. At spouse's death, employee's annuity is restored to unreduced amount.

D. Special provisions
for surviving
former spouses,
or new spouses
due to marriage
after retirement

Benefits are the same as for surviving spouses, subject to elections, court orders and deposits in certain cases.



4. DISABILITY BENEFITS

Proposed conference agreement - May 14, 1986

A. Administration and eligibility

Disability benefit paid if employee has 18 months of civilian service.

B. Definition of disability

Employee must be unable, because of disease or injury, to render useful and efficient service in the employee's position.

Employee will also qualify for Social Security benefits if unable to work in any substantial gainful activity.

Employee may not decline reasonable job offer in the same agency and commuting area, at the same pay grade.

During disability, total income from work may not exceed 80% of former job's current pay level. Employee may be given physical exams.

- C. Disability benefit amounts
 - 1. In first year of payments

60% of high-3 minus 100% of any Social Security benefit payable to the employee.

After 1st year, up to age 62 40% of high-3 minus 60% of initial Social Security benefit payable to the employee, increased by annual COLA percentage (same as allowed for basic annuity at age 62 & over), but not below annuity earned to date.

D. Retirement benefits after disabled employee reaches age 62 Recomputed from basic annuity formula, but limited to benefit payable to individual who gets Social Security (40%-less-60% formula).

Employee gets credit for years of disability toward basic annuity formula, and salary for purposes of the high-3 goes up at annual COLA percentage.

5. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Proposed conference agreement - May 14, 1986

A. Credited service

1. Part-time service

Pay rate is increased to full-time rate, and benefit formula uses pro-rated service.

Not credited. 2. Unused sick leave

To get credit for post-1956 military service, 3. Military service employee must deposit 3% of military base pay for period of service, plus interest if deposit made more than 2 years after hire.

B. Treatment of special groups of employees

1. Firefighters, law enforcement officers and air traffic controllers

Unreduced benefit at age 50 & 20 years of service, or any age & 25 years service.

Annuity is 1.7% of high-3 pay times years of service up to 20, 1.0% times years over 20. Supplement paid to age 62, equals estimated Soc. Sec. benefit earned in federal service. earnings-tested above Minimum Retirement Age. Annual COLA percentage applies at all ages.

Employees contribute additional 0.5% of pay.

2. Military reserve technicians

Employee separated due to termination of military service after age 50 & 25 years service gets unreduced annuity with Supplement to 62, earnings-tested above Minimum Retirement Age.

3. Members of Congress and Congressional employees

Unreduced annuity for Members only at age 50 & 20 years of service, or any age & 25 years of service.

Annuity is 1.7% of high-3 pay times years of service up to 20, 1.0% times years over 20. Earnings-tested Supplement paid from Minimum Retirement Age to age 62.

No COLA to age retirees before age 62. These classes contribute additional 0.5% of pay.

4. Employees of nonappropriated fund instrumentalities

Not covered. Department of Defense is to provide a study of how to give such employees appropriate benefits and portability.

5. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS (continued)

Proposed conference agreement - May 14, 1986

C. Transfers of current employees covered by CSRS to new program

Current employees may elect between July 1 and December 31, 1987 to transfer into the new plan including Social Security --

- -- Credit in current program stops, but the high-3 pay continues to run.
- -- All service counts toward years needed to be eligible for retirement, disability and vesting in both CSRS and new plan.
- -- Employee gets survivor and disability coverage from the new plan only.
- -- Unused sick leave is credited under CSRS based on the amount accumulated at date of transfer, or date of retirement if lower.
- -- Current law Social Security windfall benefit reduction provision is retained.
- D. Treatment of employees re-hired, who were not covered earlier by Social Security
 - 1. Employees with break-in-service up to 1 year
 - 2. Employees with break-in-service over 1 year

Remain out of Social Security and are covered by CSRS. May transfer to the new plan including Social Security coverage.

Covered by Social Security, and--

- a) Those with less than 5 years under CSRS are covered by the new plan.
- b) Those with 5 or more years under CSRS are covered by CSRS with 100% offset of Social Security. May transfer to the new plan.
- E. Transition from interim plan in effect 1984-86

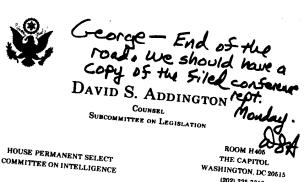
New plan's effective date is January 1, 1987.

- 1. Employees newly hired on or after
- January 1, 1984
- 2. Employees before January 1, 1984, covered then by Social Security mandatorily
- 3. Employees re-hired during 1984-86

Get credit for all service toward new plan. Those covered on January 1, 1987 get credit toward thrift plan of 1% of 1984-86 pay.

These employees get CSRS benefits, offset by Social Security benefits attributable to federal service, and pay contributions at the CSRS rate less Social Security (OASDI) rate. They may transfer to the new plan.

These employees are treated the same as. later re-hires (see D. above).



(202) 225-7310

COMMITTEE ON INTELLIGENCE

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